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| <b>Amount (t)</b>   | 250615  |
| <b>Member State</b>   | Slovakia  |
| <b>Organisation submitting the data and the description</b>   | Ministry of Environment of the Slovak Republic  |
| <b>Contact person/contact details</b>   | Viera Spalkova, PhD. / viera.spalkova@enviro.gov.sk   |
| <b>Reference year</b>   | 2020  |
| <b>Delivery date/version</b>  | 30 June 2022  |
| <b>Link to data publication by the Member State (if any)</b>  |   |
| <b>Description of the organisation of the data collection, the sources of data and the methodology used</b> | <p>Responsible organisations:</p> <p>Statistical Office of the SR - conducts the statistical survey on municipal waste generation and management on according to the Programme of State Statistical Surveys an annual basis, processes and publishes the data at national level.</p> <p>Ministry of Environment of the SR - manages and supervises the performance of state administration in waste management, provides required information on waste management to international institutions.</p> <p>Source of data:</p> <p>1. The data source is an exhaustive statistical survey on municipal waste from household conducted annually by the Statistical Office of the SR. All municipalities on the territory of the SR are obliged to provide required data on municipal waste from household generation, as well as information regarding the treatment of municipal waste. The following data and information are collected within the statistical forms: waste codes under chapter 20 - detailed 6-digit code specified in the National Waste Catalogue (in compliance with the European list of Waste); recovery and disposal operations codes (R, D codes and specific national codes national for some other types of waste treatment; Y codes; quantity/amount of municipal waste from household in tonnes.</p> <p>Data are provided by the Statistical Office of the SR to the Ministry of Environment of the SR (hereinafter referred to as „ministry”).</p> <p>2. The data source is a statistical survey on municipal waste from other sources carried out by the ministry since 2022 (reference year 2020). Producers in the territory of the Slovak Republic are obliged to provide the required data on the generation of municipal waste from other sources, as well as information on the management of municipal waste from other sources. The following data and information are collected in the statistical forms: waste codes according to Chapters 15 and 20 - a detailed 6-digit code given in the National Waste Catalogue (in accordance with the European Waste Catalogue); waste recovery and disposal activity codes (R, D codes and specific national codes for some other types of waste management; Y codes; quantity / amount of municipal waste from other sources in tonnes.</p> <p>Methodology used:</p> <p>The methodology of determination of the amounts of biodegradable municipal waste (hereinafter referred to as „BMW”) deposited in landfills in the reference years has been drawn up by the ministry taking into account the Strategy for reducing of biodegradable waste landfilling (Ministry of Environment of the SR, 2010). The methodology is based on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- statistical data on BMW and mixed municipal waste generation and management,</li> <li>- statistical data on BMW diverted from landfilling (BMW from household collected separately - 20 01 01, 20 01 08, 20 01 25, 20 01 37, 20 01 38, 20 02 01 and BMW from other sources collected separately - 20 01 01, 20 01 08, 20 01 25, 20 01 37, 20 01 38, 20 02 01, 15 01 01, 15 01 03),</li> <li>- estimates to cover gaps in the data on diverted biodegradable part of municipal waste, biodegradable part of waste from markets, biodegradable part of bulky waste taking into account e.g. share of BMW in mixed municipal waste, share of BMW in waste from markets, share of BMW in bulky waste, rate of landfilling of different type of BMW etc.</li> </ul> <p>For more details, please, see point 3.</p> <p>The Strategy for reducing of biodegradable waste landfilling is available at:<br/> <a href="https://www.minzp.sk/files/sekcia-enviromentalneho-hodnotenia-riadenia/odpady-a-obaly/registre-a-zoznamy/strategia_biodpad.pdf">https://www.minzp.sk/files/sekcia-enviromentalneho-hodnotenia-riadenia/odpady-a-obaly/registre-a-zoznamy/strategia_biodpad.pdf</a> (in Slovak language only).</p> |

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| <b>Description of types of waste classified at national level as biodegradable municipal waste</b> | <p>Waste classified at national level as biodegradable municipal waste from household:</p> <p>Waste code</p> <p>20 01 01 paper and cardboard</p> <p>20 01 08 biodegradable kitchen and canteen waste</p> <p>20 01 25 edible oil and fat</p> <p>20 01 37 wood containing hazardous substances</p> <p>20 01 38 wood other than that mentioned in 20 01 37</p> <p>20 02 01 biodegradable waste</p> <p>Waste classified at national level as biodegradable municipal waste from other sources:</p> <p>Waste code</p> <p>20 01 01 paper and cardboard</p> <p>20 01 08 biodegradable kitchen and canteen waste</p> <p>20 01 25 edible oil and fat</p> <p>20 01 37 wood containing hazardous substances</p> <p>20 01 38 wood other than that mentioned in 20 01 37</p> <p>20 02 01 biodegradable waste</p> <p>15 01 01 paper and cardboard packaging</p> <p>15 01 03 wooden packaging</p> <p>Waste types containing BMW:</p> <p>20 03 01 mixed municipal waste</p> <p>20 03 02 waste from markets</p>  |
| <b>Description of any estimates used to cover gaps in the data</b>                                 | <p>20 03 07 bulky waste</p> <p>On the basis of the Strategy for reducing of biodegradable waste landfilling, the estimates below have been applied to cover gaps in the data compilation:</p> <p>a) To assess the amount of BMW contained in waste from markets and diverted from landfilling, the share of 70 % of BMW in waste from markets has been applied (Strategy for reducing of biodegradable waste landfilling, p. 38).</p> <p>b) To assess the amount of BMW contained in bulky waste and diverted from landfilling, the share of 51 % of BMW in bulky waste has been applied (Strategy for reducing of biodegradable waste landfilling, p. 32).</p> <p>c) To assess the amount of BMW contained in mixed municipal waste and diverted from landfilling, the average share of 58 % of BMW in mixed municipal waste has been applied (Strategy for reducing of biodegradable waste landfilling, p. 42 - 43).</p> <p>At the same time, landfill rates of waste from markets as well as bulky waste, varying during the reference years, have been taken into account</p> |
| <b>Explanation of significant differences from previous reference year's data</b>                  | <p>Since the reference year 2020, there has applied a change (enhancement) in methodology for compiling municipal waste data for Slovakia, following the new definition of municipal waste implemented in national legislation since that year (this new definition covers also municipal waste from other sources – sect. 81 (1 and 11) of Act No 79/2015 Coll. on waste and amendments of certain acts.</p>   |
| <b>Description of main issues affecting the accuracy of data</b>                                   | -   |